

# **Social Organization**

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# SOCIAL ORGANIZATION

**INTRODUCTION:-\*\*\*** Introduction: In Sociology, a social organization is a pattern of relationships between and among individuals and social groups. Aspects of social organization are presented in all social situations where a few or more people are thrown into a set of interrelated activities arising from the operation of social norms.

**DIFINITION:-\*\*\*** A network of relationships among individuals and various groups in the community that are essential for several purposes is called social organization.

**\*\*\*** The system of relationships between persons and among groups with regard to the division of activity and the functional arrangement of mutual obligations within society.

\*\*\* Social organization means interdependence of parts that are essential characteristic of all enduring collective groups, communities, and societies.

----- DUNCAN MITCHELL\_\_

\*\*\* A social organization is an articulation of different parts that perform various functions; it is an active group device for getting something done.

----- OGBURN AND NIMKOFF\_\_

\*\*\* Social organization means technical arrangement of parts.

----- BROOM AND SELZNICK\_\_

\*\*\* Social organization refers to an aspect of interaction system.

----- H.M. JOHANSON\_\_

# ELEMENTS OF SOCIAL ORGANIZATION

\*\*\*Within a social organization individual holds various positions and abides by the set rules to achieve common goals or objectives. Basic elements of social organization are as follows:



## **GOAL:-**

Members in an organization are inter-related to each other and display unity of interest. All members try to achieve a common goal.

## **ROLE STATUS AND POSITION:-**

Within an organization every member has an assigned role to perform and position and status to occupy. Members are prepared to accept one's role and status

## **NORMS AND MODES:-**

Every organization has its modes and norms which control its members through discipline, regularity and punctuality.

## SANCTIONS:-

Every organization follows a system of sanctions. If a member does not follow the norms, he is compelled to follow them through sanctions (condition) which may range from warning to physical punishment.